Modoc County SO Policy Manual

Illness and Injury Prevention

388.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The health and safety of the employees of the Modoc County Sheriff's Office is important to executive and management staff, and critical to the operation of this department and the delivery of services to the community.

The purpose of this policy is to establish an ongoing and effective Injury and Illness Prevention Program (IIPP) for the Modoc County Sheriff's Office, in accordance with the requirements of 8 CCR 3203. This policy specifically applies to illnesses and injuries that result in lost time beyond the date of the incident or that require medical treatment beyond first aid. Though this policy provides the essential framework required for an IIPP, it may be supplemented by procedures outside the Policy Manual.

The IIPP guidelines are to be followed and adopted by all personnel. Supervisory and management personnel are charged with ensuring that these guidelines and directives are implemented.

388.2 RESPONSIBILITY

The Under-sheriff, acting as the Department's IIPP administrator, has the authority for implementing the provisions of this policy and the IIPP. Supervisors are responsible for implementing and maintaining the IIPP in their work areas and for answering questions from employees about the IIPP.

388.3 COMPLIANCE

The Under-sheriff is responsible for ensuring that all safety and health policies and procedures are clearly communicated and understood by all employees. The Administration Supervisor should take reasonable steps to ensure that all workers comply with safety rules and maintain a safe work environment, including, but not limited to:

- (a) Informing workers of the provisions of the IIPP.
- (b) Recognizing employees who perform safe work practices.
- (c) Ensuring that the employee evaluation process includes the employee's safety performance.
- (d) Ensuring the Department's compliance with mandates regarding:
 - 1. Bloodborne pathogens (8 CCR § 5193).
 - Airborne transmissible diseases (8 CCR § 5199).
 - 3. Heat illness (8 CCR § 3395).
 - 4. Respiratory protection (8 CCR § 5144).

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Supervisors are responsible for training, counseling, instructing or making informal verbal admonishments anytime safety performance is deficient. Supervisors may also initiate discipline when it is reasonable and appropriate under the Conduct Policy.

All employees should use safe work practices, follow all directives and policies and assist in maintaining a safe work environment.

388.4 COMMUNICATION

Supervisors shall establish and maintain communication with employees on health and safety issues. This is essential for an injury-free, productive workplace.

- (a) The Under-sheriff will ensure that a system of communication is in place which facilitates a continuous flow of safety and health information between supervisors and employees. This system shall include:
 - 1. New worker orientation, including a discussion of safety and health policies and procedures.
 - 2. Workplace safety and health training programs.
 - 3. Regularly scheduled safety meetings.
 - 4. Posted or distributed safety information.
 - 5. A system for workers to anonymously inform management about workplace hazards.
 - Establishment of a labor/management safety and health committee, which will:
 - (a) Prepare a written record of the safety and health committee meeting.
 - (b) Review the results of periodic scheduled inspections.
 - (c) Review investigations of accidents and exposures.
 - (d) Make suggestions to management for the prevention of future incidents.
 - (e) Review investigations of alleged hazardous conditions.
 - (f) Submit recommendations to assist in the evaluation of employee safety suggestions.
 - (g) Assess the effectiveness of the Department's efforts to meet the following mandates:
 - Bloodborne pathogens (8 CCR § 5193)
 - 2. Airborne transmissible diseases (8 CCR § 5199)
 - 3. Heat illness prevention (8 CCR § 3395).

388.5 HAZARD ASSESSMENT

Safety inspections are crucial to a safe work environment. These inspections identify and evaluate workplace hazards utilizing the applicable sections of the Hazard Assessment Checklist to ensure a thorough inspection. These checklists can be found at on the California Department of Industrial Relations website.

388.5.1 ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES SUPERVISOR INSPECTION DUTIES

The Under-sheriff shall ensure an Identified Hazard and Correction Record (located on the California Department of Industrial Relations website) is completed for each inspection.

388.5.2 PATROL DEPUTIES INSPECTION DUTIES

Deputies are charged with daily vehicle inspection of an assigned vehicle and of personal protective equipment prior to working in the field. Deputies shall complete an Identified Hazard and Correction Form if an unsafe condition cannot be immediately corrected. Deputies should forward this report to their supervisor.

388.5.3 SUPERVISOR ASSESSMENT DUTIES

Supervisors should inform the Under-sheriff when the following occurs:

- New substances, processes, procedures or equipment that present potential new hazards are introduced into the work environment.
- New, previously unidentified hazards are recognized.
- Occupational injuries and illnesses occur.
- New and/or permanent or intermittent workers are hired or reassigned to processes, operations or tasks for which a hazard evaluation has not been previously conducted.
- Whenever workplace conditions warrant an inspection.

The Under-sheriff will take appropriate action to ensure the IIPP addresses potential hazards upon such notification.

388.6 ACCIDENT/EXPOSURE INVESTIGATIONS

Employees must report all injuries that are a result of a workplace accident and any hazardous substance exposure to a supervisor. A supervisor receiving such a report should personally investigate the incident or ensure that an investigation is conducted. Investigative procedures for workplace accidents and hazardous substance exposures should include:

- A visit to the accident scene as soon as possible.
- An interview of the injured worker and witnesses.
- An examination of the workplace for factors associated with the accident/exposure.
- Determination of the cause of the accident/exposure.
- Corrective action to prevent the accident/exposure from reoccurring.

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 A record of the findings and corrective actions taken, using the Investigation/Corrective Action Report for located on the Department of Labor Relations website.

388.7 HAZARD CORRECTION

All employees should report and/or take reasonable steps to correct unsafe or unhealthy work conditions, practices or procedures in a timely manner. Employees should make their reports to a supervisor (as a general rule, their own supervisor).

Supervisors should make reasonable efforts to correct unsafe or unhealthy work conditions in a timely manner based on the severity of the hazards. Hazards should be corrected when observed or discovered, when it is reasonable to do so. When a hazard exists that cannot be immediately abated without endangering employees or property, supervisors should protect or remove all exposed workers from the area or item, except those necessary to correct the existing condition.

Employees who are necessary to correct the hazardous condition shall be provided with the necessary protection.

All significant actions taken and dates they are completed shall be documented on an Identified Hazard and Correction Form. This should be forwarded to the Sheriff via the chain of command.

388.8 TRAINING AND INSTRUCTION

The Under-sheriff shall work with the Training Sergeant to ensure that all workers, including supervisors, are trained on general and job-specific, workplace safety and health practices. Training shall be provided as follows:

- To all new employees for those tasks that were not sufficiently covered by previous training from an academy or another training provider.
- To all workers given new job assignments for which training has not previously been provided.
- Whenever new substances, processes, procedures or equipment are introduced to the workplace and represent a new hazard.
- Whenever the department is made aware of a new or previously unrecognized hazard.
- To supervisors to familiarize them with the safety and health hazards to which workers under their immediate direction and control may be exposed.
- To all workers with respect to hazards that are specific to each employee's job assignment.
- An explanation of the department's IIPP, emergency action plan and fire prevention plan; measures for reporting any unsafe conditions, work practices and injuries; and informing a supervisor when additional instruction is needed.
- The use of appropriate clothing, including gloves, footwear and personal protective equipment.

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- Information about chemical hazards to which employees could be exposed.
- The availability of toilet, hand-washing and drinking-water facilities.
- Provisions for medical services and first aid, including emergency procedures.
- Steps to prevent heat illness (8 CCR § 3395).

388.9 RECORDKEEPING

The Under-sheriff, will do the following to implement and maintain IIPP records:

- (a) Make available the Identified Hazards and Correction Record Form to document inspections, any unsafe condition or work practice, and actions taken to correct unsafe conditions and work practices.
- (b) Make available the Investigation/Corrective Action Report (http://www.dir.ca.gov/ DOSH/etools/09-031/InvestigationReport.pdf) to document individual incidents or accidents.
- (c) Develop a Worker Training and Instruction Form to document the safety and health training of each employee. This form will include the employee's name or other identifier, training dates, type of training, and training providers.
- (d) Retain inspection records and training documentation for a minimum of one year.

388.10 TRAINING SUBJECTS

The Under-sheriff, should work with the Training Sergeant to ensure training is provided on the following topics:

- Driver safety
- Safe procedures for handling, cleaning and/or storing weapons
- Good housekeeping and fire prevention
- Back exercises/stretches and proper lifting techniques
- Lock-out/tag-out procedures
- Hazardous materials
- Building searches
- Slips and falls
- Ergonomic hazards, including working on ladders or in a stooped posture for prolonged periods
- Personal protective equipment
- Respiratory equipment
- Hazardous chemical exposures

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- Hazard communication
- Physical hazards, such as heat/cold stress, noise, and ionizing and non-ionizing radiation
- Bloodborne pathogens and other biological hazards
- Other job-specific hazards